ELG, 11th handout, dependent clauses

The following sentences contain subordinate and relative clauses acting as adjectives and adverbs. Put brackets around each dependent clause, labeling it subordinate or relative and showing its function.

Subordinate – Adv Relative – Adj [As he turned to face the crowd], I recognized the man [who held the gun].

- 1) Before the dump trucks arrived, nothing happened.
- 2) The evil that men do lives after them.
- 3) She is always excited when the pizza is delivered.
- 4) Until he was in his forties, Jonathan Swift lived in England, where he was a famous misanthrope.
- 5) When the drought had lasted for about three weeks, the water supply became disastrously low.
- 6) We were annoyed by the billboards, which obscured most of the scenery.
- 7) Since you obviously disapprove, why don't you quit?
- 8) She always sends me a note if I miss anything that seems important.
- 9) The only thing we have to fear is fear itself.

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10) The second member of the team who/whom everyone believed would win was a miserable failure.
11) "She likes to go fishing cause it keeps you alive."
The following sentences contain relative and subordinate clauses functioning as nouns. Put brackets around each dependent clause, identify its type and label it subject, predicate nominative, object of a verb, object of a preposition, etc.
12) I believe that a stronger argument could be made.
13) Does he know where you went?
14) According to what he says, the polls cannot be taken seriously.
15) The consensus was that the plan should be abandoned.
16) Why cats enjoy rolling in the dirt is mysterious and strange.
17) Whoever made the statement is misinformed.
18) I never worry about what I can't help.
19) Whether man or beast will survive will be resolved by fate.
20) What you're saying is that people change.