

ELG, 6th handout, objects & complements

Underline and identify all of the verb objects and complements in the following sentences (DO, IO, OC, PN, PA). Also, place parentheses around all prepositional phrases and draw arrows to show the word each modifies.

1) ^{S LV PN}
Abigail is a calico.

2) ^{S LV PA}
She is quite proud (of that fact.)

3) ^{S AV}
She was found (in the parking lot) (of a gentlemen's club) on a cold, sleet-filled evening.)
NOTE the PASSIVE VOICE.

4) ^{S AV} I do not know ^{Subordinate clause acting as DO of main clause} [^{S LV PA} whether she is proud (of that fact).] (Be careful with this one.)

5) ^{S AV DO DO}
(In the night), she hunts brushes and swim goggles.

6) ^{S AV DO}
I find them (at the foot) (of my bed) (in the morning.)

Adverbial subord. clause → 7) [^{S Intrins. Verb Linking?} When a mouse appeared (in the living room),] ^S she ran the other way.

"the other way" is a noun phrase telling (where) she ran. It is adverbial.

Another adverbial noun phrase → 8) ^{S AV IO DO}
One day, I brought her Tilde.

9) ^{S LV PN S LV PA}
Tilde is also a calico, (but she is a bit wild.)

"a bit" is yet another adverbial noun phrase - this time limiting or modifying the predicate adjective.

10) ^{S PA}
(In fact), she is stark, raving feral.

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11) Abigail sees Tilde (as an interloper) (from barbarian lands.)

12) They are not good friends, (and I regularly give Orange the order to separate them.)

{careful here.}

"to separate them" is an adjectival infinitive phrase.